SAFETY DATA SHEET



Emergency Telephone

+44 (0) 1235 239 670

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

ARIMIDEX TABLETS

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

: ASTRAZENECA PTY LTD

PO Box 131

Alma Road, North Ryde

NSW 2113 AUSTRALIA +61 2 9978 3500

Safety Data Sheets. Alder ley Park@astrazene ca.com

Alternative Names

Anastrozole tablets (1mg)

CAS No. : Not applicable

Use : Treatment of advanced breast cancer in postmenopausal women

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification UN GHS				
Hazard class	Category	Hazard statements		
Carcinogenicity	2	T H351		
Reproductive toxicity	1B	H360		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	H373		
Chronic aquatic toxicity	2	H411 # Refer to Section 16 'Other Information'		

Label elements					
Signal word Danger					
Hazard stateme	ents				
H351	: Suspected of causing cancer.				
H360	: May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.				
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
H411	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				

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Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P308 + P313 : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 : Dispose of contents/ container to an approved incineration plant.

Other hazards See Section 11.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:

Component	%	CAS No.		
Anastrozole	1 1	120511-73-1		
	Hazard class #	Category	Hazard statements #	
	Acute toxicity	3	H301	
	Acute toxicity	3	H331	
	Carcinogenicity	2	H351	
	Specific target of toxicity - repeated exposure		H372	
	Reproductive to	xicity 1B	H360	
	Acute aquatic to	oxicity 3	H402	
	Chronic aquatic	toxicity 1	H410	

Refer to Section 16 'Other Information'

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation : Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Obtain medical attention. Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin immediately with water. Obtain medical

attention.

Eye Contact : Irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart, for at least 10

minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting as a First-Aid measure. Obtain

medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to sections 2 and 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated. For further detail consult the prescribing information.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media (suitable) : water spray, foam, dry powder or CO2.

Extinguishing Media (unsuitable) : -

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Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

If involved in a fire, it may burn and emit noxious and toxic

fumes.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the

ground water system.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure suitable personal protection during removal of spillages.

See Section 8.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry into drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect

spillage.

Methods and material for containment and

cleaning up

Transfer spilled tablets to a suitable container for disposal. Wash the spillage area with water. Avoid release to the

environment. See section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after use. The product may form flammable dust clouds in air, if dust from

crushed tablets is allowed to accumulate.

Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Storage temperature : < 30 °C

Specific end use(s) : Not applicable, refer to Section 1

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limit Value

Components	Value	Control parameters	Comments
Anastrozole	0,0001 mg/m3	LTEL 8hr TWA	COM, HYG

Exposure Controls

The specific controls will depend on local circumstances and should be based on the risk assessment. Appropriate controls to reduce exposure may include engineering controls, for example ventilation, procedural controls and the use of personal protection equipment.

Prevent entry into drains, sewers or watercourses. See Section 6 for environmental precautions.

Occupational exposure controls

Decisions about whether the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) is appropriate as part of the control strategy should be based on the workplace risk assessment and should take account of local legislative requirements for selection and use. There are multiple factors that will affect the specific requirements such as amount and concentration of the material, duration of exposure, frequency of exposure, external environmental conditions, the task, the user etc.

The information below should not be used in isolation and should be considered in the context of the workplace risk assessment on a case by case basis.

The recommended personal protective equipment (PPE) is based on preventing the potential adverse health effects from exposure to the active pharmaceutical ingredient (API). The risk of exposure to the API in the formulation/product needs to be taken into consideration.

Respiratory protection

Use an air fed hood for occasional exposures or for repeated exposures use a self-contained breathing apparatus if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection.

NIOSH approved respiratory protection device consistent with the work place risk assessment.

Consult a qualified safety and health professional for additional guidance, as needed.

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Skin protection

Use impervious clothing to protect against direct contact with the product or for repeated, excessive handling use full chemical protective suit if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection. Use impervious protective gloves to protect against direct contact with the product. If the product is dissolved or wetted use a glove material that is resistant to the solvent/liquid.

Eye protection

Use safety glasses to protect against direct contact with the product if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : film-coated tablets

Other information

No other data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No known reactivity hazard under normal conditions.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : None known.

Conditions to avoid : No conditions producing hazardous situations known.

Incompatible materials : None known.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This health hazard assessment is based on a consideration of the composition of this product.

Inhalation : May cause effects as described under single exposure.(STOT)

Skin Contact : May cause skin rashes and dermatitis.

Eye Contact : Unlikely to cause eye irritation.

Ingestion : Low acute oral toxicity.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(STOT)

Single exposure

Exposure routes: Oral

Ingestion may lead to hot flushes, abdominal pain, nausea, fatigue,

headache and effect the nervous system.

Repeated exposure

Exposure routes: Oral

Target Organs: Liver, kidney, Testes, ovaries

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

These effects are derived from studies in animals.

Effects derived from human findings:, May cause headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and skin rash., Can cause lowered estrogen levels resulting in:, bone and muscle pain, hot flushes, high cholesterol levels,

anorexia, somnolence

Sensitisation : May cause an allergic reaction in rare cases.

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Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Mutagenicity : The substance is not considered to be genotoxic.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information on this formulation. The following information refers to active ingredient:

Toxicity : NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 96 H growth rate

31,3 mg/l

NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 14 d growth rate 27

mg/l

NOEC blue-green algae 48 H growth rate < 48 mg/l NOEC blue-green algae 21 H growth rate 3 mg/l

NOEC Daphnia magna 21 d 3,2 mg/l NOEC Daphnia magna 21 d 3,2 mg/l

LC50 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) 96 H (static) 84 mg/l LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 96 H (static) 75 mg/l NOEC Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 104 Days (flow through)

0,01 mg/l

Effect on Effluent

Treatment

No information available.

Persistence and degradability : Not rapidly degradable.

Bioaccumulative potential : The substance has low potential for bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil : The mobility depends on soil type.

The substance has low mobility in soil (pH <5.8). The substance has moderate mobility in soil (pH7.7).

Water solubility >= 1 mg/l.

Other adverse effects : No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods : Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Waste, even small quantities, should never be poured down drains, sewers or water courses. Normal waste disposal is via incineration operated by an

accredited disposal contractor.

Contaminated Packaging : Empty container will retain product residue. Observe all hazard precautions.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

RESTRICTED FOR TRANSPORT

ICAO/IATA

UN No. 307

Proper Shipping Name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (ANASTROZOLE)

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Class : 9

Packing Group : III

Environmental hazards : Environmentally hazardous

IMO/IMDG

UN No. 3077

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(ANASTROZOLE)

Class : 9

Packing Group : III

Marine Pollutant : Marine Pollutant

ADR

UN No. 3077

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(ANASTROZOLE)

Class : 9
Label(s) : 9
Packing Group : III

Environmental hazards : Environmentally hazardous

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

In order to comply with legal duties it is necessary to consult local and national legislation.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard statements H301 : Toxic if swallowed.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H360: May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H402: Harmful to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements:

New significant SHE information:

14. New classification

Minor changes:, 5, 6, 8, 13, 15

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GLOSSARY

COM : In-house occupational exposure limit

LTEL : Long-term exposure limit (8 hour TWA (time-weighted average))
STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute TWA (time-weighted average))

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH)

TLV-C : Threshold Limit Value - Ceiling limit (ACGIH)

HYG : An in-house analytical method for occupational exposure monitoring is available

Sk : Can be absorbed through skin, thus contributing to systemic effects

Sen : Capable of causing respiratory sensitisation

This Glossary is applicable to Substances for which Hazardous Ingredients/Occupational Exposure Limits are assigned.

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